Temporary Tower Checklist Guidelines – Start-Up ProceduresPage 1 of 2					
Lo	cation: Date: /				
Th	The following should be provided to personnel before travel to their assignment:				
	Travel directions. Give specific location or address of expanded dispatch for resource order check in if appropriate.				
	Specific Location of Incident Command Post and airbase (fixed- and rotary-wing). Expanded Dispatch/Initial Attack Dispatch points of contact and phone numbers. Points of Contact as appropriate: Local Unit Aviation Officer, AOBD, and/or ASGS, Helibase Manager.				
	Conditions to expect: Camp or hotel quarters, weather conditions, roads, helibase or airbase operations and meals.				
Upon arrival, provide the following general knowledge for assignment:					
	Check in protocol – Reference information is recommended as tower personnel often have no prior ICS experience.				
	Lodging arrangements (how to get a hotel room), or how to obtain a sleeping bag, tent, etc. Minimize primitive conditions to mitigate fatigue for controllers. This is a safety and controller union issue.				
	How the controllers are to order supplies for the tower, eating arrangements, etc. (e.g., through ASGS).				
	Introduction to basic ICS, chain of command and flow structure: expanded dispatch and initial attack dispatch, Unit Aviation Officer, Air Operations Branch Director (AOBD), Air Tactical Group Supervisor (ATGS), helibase manager, and airtanker base manager.				
	Unit and incident(s) communications plans, shift plans.				
	Demobilization or rotation protocol (If FAA: home unit and union rules will determine FAA personnel rotation).				
	Transportation upon arrival, during assignment, rotation out, and demobilization. Terminology (e.g., "What is a ping pong ball machine?" "What is a fire shelter?")				
Before tower is operational, air operations should provide (if feasible):					
	Providing controller personnel with a familiarization flight of the local area might help them understand the local area as pilots see it. Scope of this flight will vary depending upon whether controllers are being used as tower control, or area-wide flight following, and agency requirements. Visit all aircraft operating facilities (helibase and fixed-wing bases) if possible. It is very advantageous to have the ATGS conduct the familiarization trips.				

Te	Temporary Tower Checklist Guidelines – Start-Up ProceduresPage 2 of 2					
Lo	eation:	By:	Date://			
ma	A briefing should be held between the tower operators, the AOBD, the ATGS, the ASGS, the helibase manager, and/or airtanker base manager, the fixed base operator, incident pilots, and any local pilots continuing to operate from the airport or helibase. Discussion could involve the following:					
	 Site selection for towers. Does a facility exist (deac Could you use a rental training of the selection of the sele	tivated tower, building, etc.)?	-			
	 objectives. Consider: Inbound/outbound flight p Air traffic patterns to, from Ground taxi patterns and c Communication procedure Procedure for obtaining fr 	equency assignments (FAA and/or AT	airplanes. GS).			
	 Establish tower hours (Coordi Rotation and duty day limitation Ensure the following: Issue NOTAM that tower Notify agencies that tower 	is operational.	narge).			
	 Discuss fire survival (e.g., fire Identify distractions and elimi Discuss if pertinent: Empty weight and loaded Airtanker needs. Restrictions on runways. Local Airport Contacts. Aircraft performance and Noise abatement procedure Procedures if there is a TF Other TFRs in the area. Their role if there is a TFF 	e shelters, overrun of base or camp, etc. nate noise and heat. weight for runways. characteristics–weight. res. rR over the airport or helibase.	.).			
	Closeout NOTAM.Notify Units throughout a	ead time in advance for tower closure j	procedures to be put in effect.			

The following list of items may be of value for tower operations. The number, size, type, and maintenance supplies (e.g., batteries) needed should also be determined. Check with the AOBD and the controllers before ordering. Some items may not be necessary.

Figure 11-3: Temporary Tower Supplies Checklist

TEMPORY TOWER SUPPLIES CHECKLIST

Date:

Location:	By:
Equipment type	Equipment list
Forms:	□ FAA 7230-10 Position Log
	□ FAA 7230-4 Daily Log
	□ ICS Unit Logs
Communications equipment	□ Radios – main and battery back-up (edo-air)
	WHF radios [Three (3) – One local, one ground if necessary, and One tunable to local Unicom if at an airport]
	□ Telephones (cellular or land line)
	□ UHF radios
Safety equipment	□ Bottled water/Water cooler
	□ Lights/Lamps
	□ Fans
	□ Flashlights
	□ Fire Extinguisher
	□ Goggles (if needed)
General equipment/supplies	□ Binoculars
	□ Traffic Counter
	Temperature Instrument
	□ Light Gun – battery powered
	□ Windsock
	\Box Clocks (24 hour) – One for local, 1 for Zulu (UTC)
	□ Writing table
	\Box Roof/sun cover
	□ Chairs
	 Basic office supplies (writing pads, pens, pencils, tape, stamper, scissors, etc)
	□ Generator (if needed)
	□ Extension cord (if needed)

NOTE: Consider ordering NFES 4300 which has SOME material that could be used as an FAA portable control tower. This kit is a portable battery-operated VHF-AM aircraft base station consisting of a 760 Channel AM radio. If this kit is to be used as an FAA Temporary Tower, the resource order MUST be placed by the incident Communications Unit Leader (COML).